

BANGALORE DISTRICT.

Notification dated 5th December 1923.

The right of levying fees on cattle at the ensuing jathra of Sree Gangadhareswara Swamy at Sivaganga during Makara Sankranotsva for the year 1923-24, will be sold by public auction by the Sub-Division Officer, Doddballapur Sub-Division, or other officer deputed by the Deputy Commissioner, at Nelamangala on the 22nd December 1923 at 11 A.M. at the Nelamangala Taluk Office.

The sale will be subject to the following conditions:—

1. The purchaser of contract will be authorised to collect fees at the rate of one anna on every head of cattle.
2. The fees may be collected at the following Ookads:—
 - (1) Ookad near the Hand-post in Sarada Vilasa Road.
 - (2) Ookad near the Mahanavanimantap Road.
 - (3) Ookad near the Mythreya Thirtha.
 - (4) Ookad near Pattaiah's Well.
 - (5) Ookad near the Ganapathi Temple.
 - (6) Ookad near Pattadadevarapalya.

For every item collected, the contractor will be required to issue a ticket in the form approved by the Sub-Division Officer, he must make his own arrangements to provide himself with a sufficient number of ticket books with counterfoils and these books should be ready for the Sub-Division Officer's inspection on or before the 31st December 1923.

The sale will be subject to the confirmation of the Deputy Commissioner.

The person whose bid is finally accepted should deposit at once one-fourth the sale amount and the balance should be deposited within 15 days from the date of sale. In default of the payment of the full amount within the prescribed time or $\frac{1}{2}$ of the purchase money immediately after the close of the sale, resale will be conducted and he will be made responsible for any loss by such resale and the deposit amount will also be forfeited.

The sale confirming officer is not bound to accept any bid offered after the closing of the sale.

The contractor should deposit 200 free tickets with the Amildar for the distribution among the devotees who bring things in cart for charitable purposes such as "Aravattige," etc., and to raiyats who repair the temple and render service in the temple during jathras.

The contractor should make his own arrangements for the collection work.

E. H. THOMSON,

For Deputy Commissioner.

MALUR MUNICIPALITY.

BYE-LAWS UNDER SECTION 48(1) (b) OF THE MYSORE MUNICIPAL REGULATION
FRAMED BY THE MALUR MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

1. The octroi limits for the purpose of collecting octroi shall be the Municipal limits.
2. No articles liable to octroi shall be brought within these limits except by one of the high roads described in Schedule I, hereto annexed or by the Railway and the rates leviable and the articles liable to octroi are given in Schedule II.
3. All persons bringing into or receiving from beyond the octroi limits of the Town any such articles, conveyance or package containing such articles, shall take such articles, conveyance or package to the Octroi Officer to enable him to inspect the same and to collect the octroi.
4. A table showing the octroi leviable shall be open to the inspection of any person at the Municipal Office.
5. When the duty is paid as above a permit shall be granted by the Octroi Officer for the removal of the goods showing the quantity or weight of the goods, the amount paid in respect thereof and the date of payment. If the importer fails to pay the octroi on demand, he shall deposit the goods in the Municipal Office until the duty is paid.
6. With a view to the apprisement of the value of the goods when the tax is assessed on value, the importer may be called upon to produce the invoice of goods for the inspection of the Octroi Officer. Should he fail or refuse to produce the invoice, the value of the goods shall be assessed by the Octroi Officer at current rates and octroi levied accordingly.

7. Goods deposited in the Municipal Office under bye-law 5 shall not be allowed to leave the office until storage fees have been paid thereon under the following rules:—

(1) Goods shall be allowed to remain twenty-four hours free of charges.

(2) After the period, single rates as in the following schedule shall be charged for seven days:—

Name of article.	Per week or portion thereof.
	Rs. a. p.
1. Tobacco per maund of 24 lbs. or portion thereof	0 0 6
2. Betel leaves for 1,000	0 0 3
3. Green cocoanut per 100	0 0 3
4. Dry cocoanut per maund of 24 lbs.	0 0 3
5. Piece goods per bale	0 2 0
6. Kerosene oil per box, two tins, or 8 gallons or less	0 0 3

(3) Double these rates should be charged after seven days provided that the President may, in his discretion, allow a reduction in, or exemption from such penal rates.

(4) The date of admission and removal of goods shall reckon as one day and Sundays and close holidays shall not be taken into accounts in reckoning the date from which fees under each class shall be payable. When delay is caused by the inability of the Octroi Office to examine and pass the goods, such delay shall not be reckoned.

8. All perishable commodities remaining uncleared or unclaimed after 48 hours shall be sold by public auction to the highest bidder at the Municipal Office. All other goods remaining uncleared or unclaimed for a longer period than three months shall be sold in like manner provided that before selling such goods notice of the fact shall be posted for 7 days at the Municipal Office and provided that the goods shall be sold earlier when the storage fees are likely to exceed their value.

9. When any goods are sold under bye-law 8, the sale proceeds shall be credited to the Municipal Funds, in payment of duty and storage fees due in respect thereof, provided that, if the amount realized by the sale exceeds the amount so due, the balance shall be kept in deposit for six months and any claims for such balance received during that time shall be duly considered by the President. At the expiry of six months or after all claims received during that period have been duly disposed of, the balance shall be credited to the Municipal Funds. No claims shall be admitted after the said period for six months except by the special permission of the Council.

10. The Council shall not be responsible for any damage that may be caused to goods deposited in the Municipal Office while such goods are being passed into or out of the office or while they remain therein, unless such damage is proved to have been caused by the wilful neglect of the person charged with the safe custody of the goods.

REFUNDS.

11. On all articles on which octroi duty has been paid and which are subsequently exported beyond octroi limits, refund shall, subject to the following rules be granted at the rates originally charged at the time of import. Provided that no refund shall be granted, unless such goods are exported within three months from the date on which octroi was levied. Provided also that no refund shall be granted of any sum less than eight annas.

12. Any person claiming refund under the above rules shall produce the goods to be exported at the Municipal Office together with the original receipt for octroi duty paid thereon and on application for refund prepared in triplicate in such form and showing such particulars as the President may from time to time prescribe.

13. The Vice-President on being satisfied as to the identity of the goods produced with those for which receipt has been granted or the validity of the claim, shall endorse the three parts of the application with an export pass, and keeping one part in the office shall deliver the other parts to the applicant.

14. All goods exported under such pass shall be produced by the exportee together with the duplicate pass before the octroi officer.

15. The octroi officer will satisfy himself that the goods produced as being covered by the duplicate pass correspond with the entries in the pass presented with them.

16. If the goods are being exported otherwise than by rail, if the consignment appears to be duly covered by the pass, he shall retain the duplicate pass and return the triplicate pass to the exporter on his agent, after due endorsement of the particulars specified in such form as may be prescribed by the President. Otherwise, he shall retain both the duplicate and triplicate passes and shall report the circumstances forth with for the orders of his im-

mediate superior. If the goods are being exported under refund pass, he shall in either case allow the consignment to proceed. If the goods are under a free export pass and do not appear to agree with the particulars given therein, they shall be detained until the orders of his superior are received.

17. If the goods are for export by rail, the octroi officer shall retain the triplicate pass pending production of a railway receipt for the goods covered by the pass. Upon production of the railway receipt, if after due enquiry, he is satisfied that the goods produced are covered by the pass and also by the railway receipt in question, he will then endorse on the duplicate and triplicate passes, respectively the number and date of the railway receipt and will return the triplicate copy to the person in charge of the goods, but he will retain the duplicate pass subject to disposal in the prescribed course of business.

18. In all cases in which refund is claimed the triplicate pass duly endorsed as provided by bye-laws Nos. 16 and 17, respectively, must be produced at the Municipal office by the person seeking the refund, and if, after due check, the Vice-President is satisfied that the refund of octroi covered by such pass is duly payable, he shall, if the amount so payable does not exceed Rs. 5 forthwith pay the same to the person presenting the triplicate pass. If the amount to be refunded exceeds Rs. 5 or if the Vice-President sees any cause to refuse payment of any sum claimed, the claim shall be forwarded for the orders of the President.

GENERAL.

19. Imports of dutiable articles shall if called upon by a requisition in writing, signed by the President or Vice-President, within three months of such import, account for the articles received by them by producing either a permit obtained in token of payment of octroi duty or an export pass in proof of having exported the whole or part of the articles so received or otherwise.

Any breach of this Bye-law will render the importer liable to punishment with a fine exceeding to ten times the value of octroi on such goods or to Rs. 25 which ever may be less and to payment of octroi duty on the article unaccounted for.

20. Any person importing or exporting dutiable articles, who infringes Bye-laws Nos. 3 and 14 shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50.

SCHEDULE I.

- (1) Hoskote road.
- (2) Kolar road.
- (3) Masti road.

- (4) Hosur road.
- (5) Railway

SCHEDULE II.

	Rs.	a.	p.
1. Fresh cocoanuts each	0	0	1
2. Dry cocoanuts per maund	0	8	0
3. Betel leaves per 100	0	0	1
4. Jaggory per maund	0	2	0
5. Sugar per maund	0	4	0
6. Kerosene oil per tin	0	2	0
7. Tobacco per maund	1	0	0
8. Sheep or goats each	0	1	6
9. Peice goods per rupees advalorem	0	0	3

Bye-laws under compulsory Vaccination Regulation framed by the Malur Municipality

1. The town of Malur for the purpose of vaccination shall be treated as one circle.
2. The Local Fund Dispensary shall be the vaccination depot.
3. The Sub-Assistant Surgeon in charge of the Local Fund Dispensary shall be the Superintendent of vaccination.
4. The Sub-Assistant Surgeon shall also vaccinate.
5. The Superintendent shall reside within the Municipal limits of the town.
6. There shall be affixed at the dispensary a board showing in English and Kannada, the hours at which vaccination shall be done.
7. Vaccination shall ordinarily be done at the dispensary on all days except Sundays and other authorised public holidays between the hours of 8 and 10 in the mornings.
8. The Superintendent shall if so required by the head of house hold, vaccinate the members thereof at his residence on such days as are convenient for him; provided that during epidemics of small-pox or when an outbreak of the disease is impending, the Superintendent shall lose no opportunity of vaccinating or re-vaccinating persons.
9. No fee shall be charged for the vaccinations done at the dispensary and for vaccination of women and children under two years done at any private residence within the Municipal limits. In all other cases a fee of two annas per case and not exceeding four annas at a time per family may be charged.

10. The President of the Municipality shall furnish the Superintendent with the following:—

(a) A list showing the number of houses in the Municipal area and the number of unprotected persons in each house at the time vaccination is declared compulsory in the town.

(b) Thereafter within ten days after the close of each quarter, a list showing the number of unprotected immigrants into the town, who have lived for longer than a month therein.

(c) A monthly statement showing the particulars of births in the town and of deaths among children.

11. The Superintendent shall maintain a register showing every house with the names of unprotected persons therein with a space for the addition from time to time for the fresh unprotected cases and with a column for entering the date and the result of vaccination.

12. The Superintendent shall maintain a vaccination register, notice register and a register showing the cases filed in the magistrate's court in the form prescribed by Government.

13. The Superintendent shall submit before the 5th of each month, monthly reports of vaccination to the District Sanitary Officer and to the President of the Municipality.

14. The Superintendent shall bring to the notice of the President any remissness of duty on the part of the head of a household calculated to impair the efficiency of the vaccination administration. The president shall take steps to deal with such cases.

15. The Superintendent shall grant certificates under Rules 6 and 9 of the Vaccination Rules.

16. The Patel, Shanbhog and the members of the Municipal Board shall render every help to the Superintendent in the discharge of his duty.

A. ARUNACHALAM, MUDALIAR,

President.

MYSORE DISTRICT.

Notification dated 8th December 1923.

In pursuance of Government Order No. 2585-95—L. B. 462-06-3, dated 17th September 1907, a Cattle Show will be held at Chunchinkatte in the Yedatore Taluk during the Sri Ramadevaru Rathostavam, commencing from the January 1924 and lasting for three days.

(2) The show will be held in the bungalow compound at Chunchinkatte.

(3) Admission will be free as per Government Order No. 9448-50—L. B. 290-09-2, dated 21st April 1910.

(4) The following prizes sanctioned in Government Proceedings No. 511-3—L. B. 47-08-4, dated 4th July 1909, will be awarded together with certificates:—

No. of prizes	Particulars	Amount of each prize.		
	I. HALLIKARS.	1st	2nd	3rd
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
3	(a) Bulls 4 years and upwards	15	10	5
3	(b) Do below 4 years	15	10	5
3	(c) Bullocks draughts 4 years and upwards	10	5	5
3	(d) Do below 4 years	10	5	5
3	(e) Cows with calves	10	5	5
	II. BETTADAPURA.			
2	(a) Bulls 4 years and upwards	10	5	
2	(b) Bullocks do do	10	5	
	III. NADU OR COUNTRY OR CROSS-BREED.			
2	(a) Bulls below 4 years	10	5	
2	(b) Bullocks draughts 4 years and upwards	10	5	
3	(c) Cows with calves	10	5	
	Total		200	